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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/050,437	01/15/2002	Lawrence W. Hrubesh	IL-10413	6489
7:	590 07/25/2003			
Alan H. Thompson Assistant Laboratory Counsel Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory			EXAMINER	
			LISH, PETER J	
P.O. Box 808, 1		,	APTIBUT	DARED MEADED
Livermore, CA	94551		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1754	2
			DATE MAILED: 07/25/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	0
	10/050,437	HRUBESH, LAW	VRENCE W.
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	
	Peter J Lish	1754	
Th MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	app ars on th cov r she	t with the correspondence a	1ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the magnificant patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, ma reply within the statutory minimum o riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) latute, cause the application to becom	ay a reply be timely filed f thirty (30) days will be considered tim MONTHS from the mailing date of this the ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nely. communication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	<u>15 January 2002</u> .		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und Disposition of Claims	owance except for formal der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	matters, prosecution as to C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	the merits is
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the applica	tion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	nd/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to			
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on		☐ disapproved by the Exam	iner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in	• •		
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			
 Certified copies of the priority docum 			
2. Certified copies of the priority docum			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International* See the attached detailed Office action for a	l Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	a)).	al Stage
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	estic priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provision	nal application).
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom 			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper Not) 5) Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper I se of Informal Patent Application (I r:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 5 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear as to which drying methods are included in the limitation that the method limits the shrinkage of the gelled composite material.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5-6, and 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stankiewicz (WO 98/02382).

Stankiewicz teaches a method for producing vitreous carbon foam, wherein a preformed polyurethane open cell foam is impregnated with a liquid carbonaceous resin, such as furfuryl alcohol, furan compounds, or phenolic compounds, etc. The liquid is then cured, or gelled and dried by evaporation, and subsequently pyrolyzed to form a vitreous, or glassy, carbon composed

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of the two organic materials. No difference is seen between the process or material of Stankiewicz and that of the instantly claimed invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 7-8, and 14-16 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stankiewicz.

Stankiewicz is applied above. Stankiewicz teaches that the curing takes place at a temperature within the range of 50 °C to 90 °C and for a time period of between 1 and 15 hours. No difference is seen in the process of curing, taught by Stankiewicz, and the combined gelation and drying processes taught by the applicant. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention to perform the curing of Stankiewicz at a desired temperature and for a desired length of time, within the ranges taught, which meets the limitations of claims 4, 7, 14, and 15. Additionally, Stankiewicz teaches pyrolysis at a temperature within the range of 900 °C to 2200 °C and for a time period of between 5 and 56 hours. It thus would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention to perform the pyrolysis of Stankiewicz at a desired temperature and for a desired length of time, within the ranges taught, which meets the limitations of claims 8 and 16.

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Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stankiewicz as applied to claims 1-16 above, and further in view of Lersmacher et al. (US 4,024,226).

Stankiewicz teaches the use of a liquid carbonaceous resin, such as furfuryl alcohol, furan compounds, phenolic compounds, etc. Stankiewicz does not explicitly teach the use of resorcinol-formaldehyde or of phenol-formaldehyde. Lersmacher et al. teach a process for the manufacture of vitreous carbon foam, wherein preformed polyurethane foam is impregnated with an impregnating agent, preferably phenol-formaldehyde resin, and the structure is subsequently hardened, or cured, and pyrolyzed to carbon at approximately 1000 °C (column 1, lines 30-50). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention to use phenol-formaldehyde as the carbonaceous resin, as taught by Lersmacher, in the process of Stankiewicz, because it is a phenol compound which is particularly useful for the intended purpose.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Lish whose telephone number is 703-308-1772. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-6:00 Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley Silverman can be reached on 703-308-3837. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-305-9311 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

PL July 9, 2003

> STUART L. HENDRICKSON PRIMARY EXAMINER